

PRIVACY IMPACT ASSESSMENT (PIA)

For the

Judge Advocate Functional Server

United States Air Force

SECTION 1: IS A PIA REQUIRED?

a. Will this Department of Defense (DoD) information system or electronic collection of information (referred to as an "electronic collection" for the purpose of this form) collect, maintain, use, and/or disseminate PII about members of the public, Federal personnel, contractors or foreign nationals employed at U.S. military facilities internationally? Choose one option from the choices below. (Choose (3) for foreign nationals).

- (1) Yes, from members of the general public.
- (2) Yes, from Federal personnel* and/or Federal contractors.
- (3) Yes, from both members of the general public and Federal personnel and/or Federal contractors.
- (4) No

* "Federal personnel" are referred to in the DoD IT Portfolio Repository (DITPR) as "Federal employees."

b. If "No," ensure that DITPR or the authoritative database that updates DITPR is annotated for the reason(s) why a PIA is not required. If the DoD information system or electronic collection is not in DITPR, ensure that the reason(s) are recorded in appropriate documentation.

c. If "Yes," then a PIA is required. Proceed to Section 2.

SECTION 2: PIA SUMMARY INFORMATION

a. Why is this PIA being created or updated? Choose one:

	New DoD Information System		New Electronic Collection
\boxtimes	Existing DoD Information System		Existing Electronic Collection
	Significantly Modified DoD Information System	on	

b. Is this DoD information system registered in the DITPR or the DoD Secret Internet Protocol Router Network (SIPRNET) IT Registry?

\boxtimes	Yes, DITPR	Enter DITPR System Identification Number	2131
	Yes, SIPRNET	Enter SIPRNET Identification Number	
	No		

c. Does this DoD information system have an IT investment Unique Project Identifier (UPI), required by section 53 of Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-11?

☐ Yes	\boxtimes	No
If "Yes," enter UPI		

If unsure, consult the Component IT Budget Point of Contact to obtain the UPI.

d. Does this DoD information system or electronic collection require a Privacy Act System of Records Notice (SORN)?

A Privacy Act SORN is required if the information system or electronic collection contains information about U.S. citizens or lawful permanent U.S. residents that is <u>retrieved</u> by name or other unique identifier. PIA and Privacy Act SORN information should be consistent.

\boxtimes	Yes	□ N	lo
lf "Ye	s," enter Privacy Act SORN Ident	ifier	F051 AF JA
DoD Component-assigned designator, not the F Consult the Component Privacy Office for additional access DoD Privacy Act SORNs at: http://www			ditional information or
	or		

Date of submission for approval to Defense Privacy Office Consult the Component Privacy Office for this date.

e. Does this DoD information system or electronic collection have an OMB Control Number?

Contact the Component Information Management Control Officer or DoD Clearance Officer for this information.

This number indicates OMB approval to collect data from 10 or more members of the public in a 12-month period regardless of form or format.

Yes	
Enter OMB Control Number	
Enter Expiration Date	

🖂 No

f. Authority to collect information. A Federal law, Executive Order of the President (EO), or DoD requirement must authorize the collection and maintenance of a system of records.

(1) If this system has a Privacy Act SORN, the authorities in this PIA and the existing Privacy Act SORN should be the same.

(2) Cite the authority for this DoD information system or electronic collection to collect, use, maintain and/or disseminate PII. (If multiple authorities are cited, provide all that apply.)

(a) Whenever possible, cite the specific provisions of the statute and/or EO that authorizes the operation of the system and the collection of PII.

(b) If a specific statute or EO does not exist, determine if an indirect statutory authority can be cited. An indirect authority may be cited if the authority requires the operation or administration of a program, the execution of which will require the collection and maintenance of a system of records.

(c) DoD Components can use their general statutory grants of authority ("internal housekeeping") as the primary authority. The requirement, directive, or instruction implementing the statute within the DoD Component should be identified.

The authority to collect Privacy Act (PA) information is derived from DoD Directive 5160.64E, 23 Aug 2005, Legal Information Technology; 33 Code of Federal Regulations; and 10 United States Code (USC) 8013, Secretary of the Air Force.

Further authority is found in 5 USC 301, 31 USC 3721 et seq., 31 USC 3711 et seq. and EO 9397.

DoD Directive 5160.64E designates the Secretary of the Air Force as the DoD Executive Agent for operation, maintenance, and continuous development of the Federal Legal Information Through Electronics (FLITE) and Defense Emergency Authorities Retrieval and Analysis System (DEARAS). 33 Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) gives the Coast Guard the authority to correspond with the accused as part of the on-going case/investigation.

g. Summary of DoD information system or electronic collection. Answers to these questions should be consistent with security guidelines for release of information to the public.

(1) Describe the purpose of this DoD information system or electronic collection and briefly describe the types of personal information about individuals collected in the system.

The purpose of JAFS is to manage all data for the Air Force Judge Advocate General's Corps. It's programs cover criminal law (military and civilian), claims administration, adverse actions, legal assistance, litigation management, and personnel management. These are management areas where The Judge Advocate General is tasked through statute or regulation to provide support to the Air Force. The types or personal information that may be collected includes an individual's name, address, e-mail address, phone number, sex, age, social security number, marital status, Air Force Personnel Center military records, education, and records related to criminal acts by both military and civilian members.

(2) Briefly describe the privacy risks associated with the PII collected and how these risks are addressed to safeguard privacy.

The risks to Privacy Act information collected and stored in JAFS are minimal due to the limited nature of the Privacy Act data stored and the access requirements for JAFS and associated programs residing on JAFS. The risks to Privacy Act information when providing that information to others is again minimal due to the nature of the information and the position or capacity the receiving individual is fulfilling. The nature of Privacy Act information collected and stored on JAFS is descriptive so the risk of not obtaining consent or notifying individuals of the information stored is minimal.

h. With whom will the PII be shared through data exchange, both within your DoD Component and outside your Component (e.g., other DoD Components, Federal Agencies)? Indicate all that apply.

\boxtimes	Within	the	DoD	Component.
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	Specify.	Information on individuals suspected of committing a criminal offense may be shared with DoD law enforcement agencies.		
\boxtimes	Other DoD C	components.		
	Specify.	AFCIMS payment information is shared with DFAS to ensure payment of claims.		
\boxtimes	Other Federa	al Agencies.		
	Specify.	Civil litigation case records maybe shared with the Department of Justice for on going litigation case. Information may be released to congressional personnel if accompanied by a Privacy Act Release.		
	State and Local Agencies.			
	Specify.			
	Contractor (Enter name and describe the language in the contract that safeguards PII.)			
	Specify.			
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	Other (e.g.,	commercial providers, colleges).
	Specify.	
Doi	individuals h	nave the opportunity to object to the collection of their PII?
\boxtimes	Yes	Νο

(1) If "Yes," describe method by which individuals can object to the collection of PII.

Individuals may refuse to disclose any PII by not providing the information in AFCIMS and WebLIONS. In Roster, AMJAMS, and ADER, an individual cannot object since their PII is necessary to verify identify and the accuracy of their personal data with the Air Force Personnel Center database.

(2) If "No," state the reason why individuals cannot object.

j. Do individuals have the opportunity to consent to the specific uses of their PII?

Yes

i.

No

 \mathbf{X}

(1) If "Yes," describe the method by which individuals can give or withhold their consent.

(2) If "No," state the reason why individuals cannot give or withhold their consent.

Use of PII in AMJAMS or ADER is mandatory because of it is necessary for the management of an individual's case. Since they cannot object to the data, they cannot withhold their consent.

k. What information is provided to an individual when asked to provide PII data? Indicate all that apply.

🛛 Priva	cy Act Statement	Privacy Advisory
Othe	r	None
Describe each applicable format.		ms that require PII, Privacy Act Statements are available e online Privacy Act Statement, they may request a

NOTE:

Sections 1 and 2 above are to be posted to the Component's Web site. Posting of these Sections indicates that the PIA has been reviewed to ensure that appropriate safeguards are in place to protect privacy.

A Component may restrict the publication of Sections 1 and/or 2 if they contain information that would reveal sensitive information or raise security concerns.